Key Partners

Methods for Biodiversity Impact Analysis at Regional and Local Scales

IAIA Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services - February 8, 2013



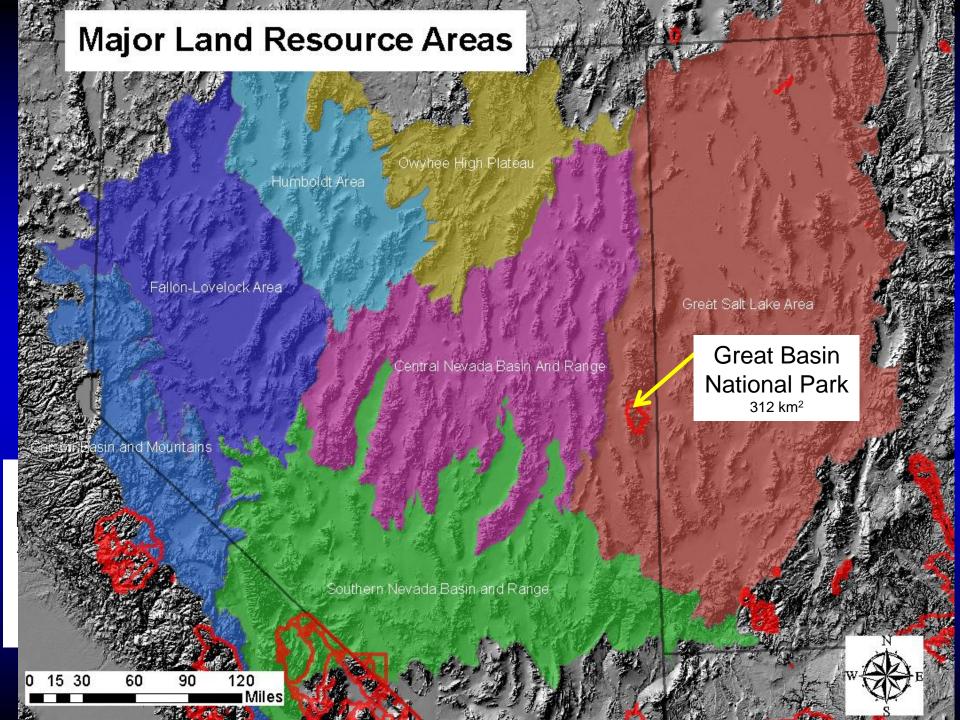
Patrick Comer, Chief Ecologist



Approaches and Methods

- Representing Biodiversity in Landscape Assessment
- 2. Ecological Integrity Assessment
- 3. Assessments at Regional and Local scales







Rapid Ecoregional Assessments

♦ Where are they?

- Resources/Elements: Biodiversity, etc.
- Change Agents/Stressors: Development, fire, invasive species, climate change effects
- Places: managed lands

♦ How are they doing?

- 'Footprint analysis' and Ecological integrity assessments

♦ How are they changing?

- 2025 Development scenarios & ecol. integrity
- 2060 Climate change forecasts

"Coarse Filter/Fine Filter" Approach for identifying Focal Resources

Ecological Systems

Characteristic landscape patterns and processes

Focal Habitats

- Rare Species assemblages
- Rare community types
- Sensitive habitats relative to common use: e.g., wind erodible soils

Focal Species

> Imperiled & vulnerable species



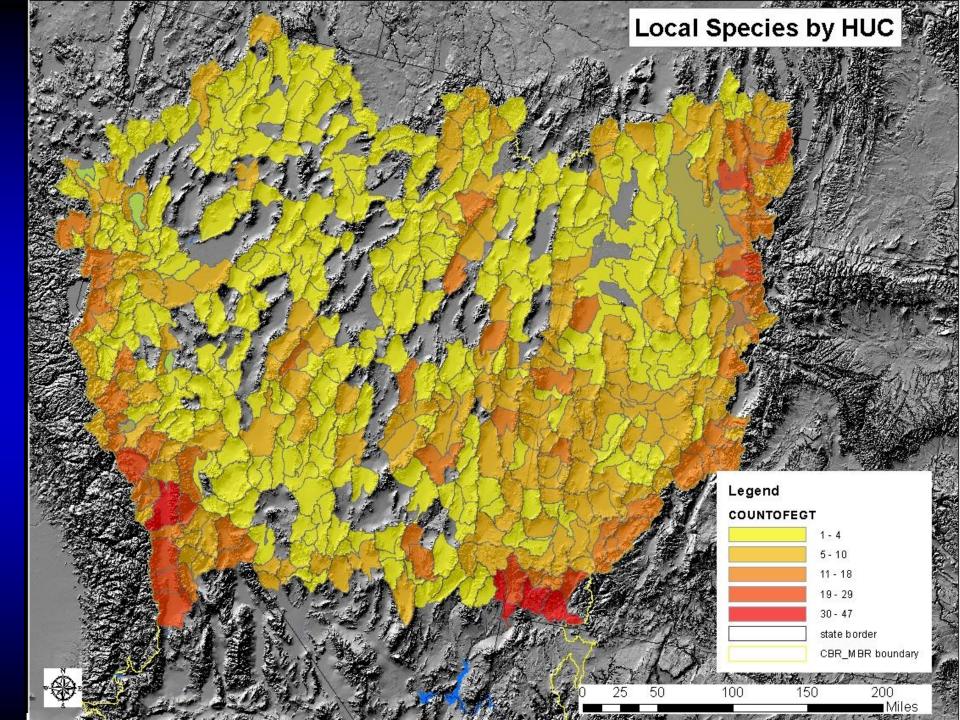


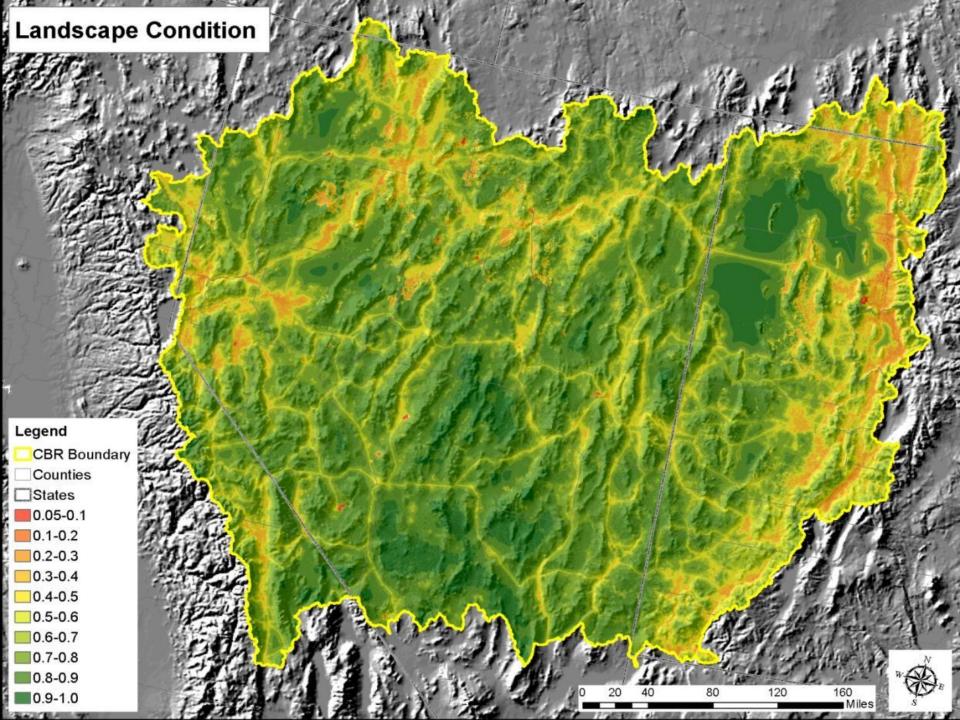


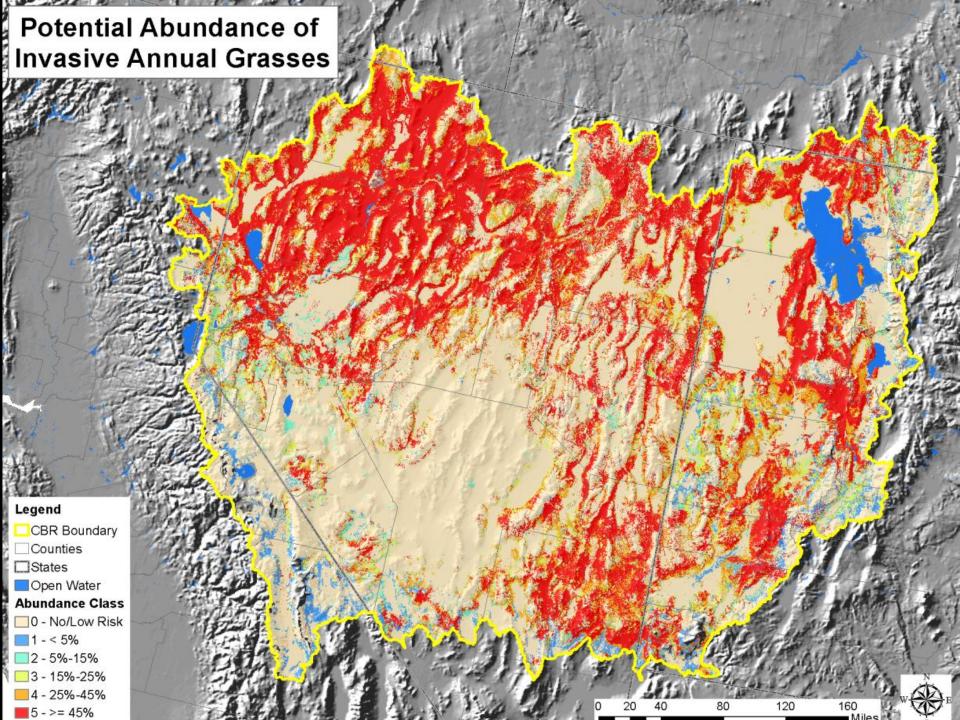












Ecological Integrity - Conceptual Model Indicator Levels 1-3

Stress

- Fragmentation
- Invasive Grasses
- ▲Fire Regime
- ▲Grazing Regime
- Soil Disturbance

Response

- Conversion to U-Class ←
- Invasion of Exotics
- Habitat Quality
- Biotic Crust Cover
- Soil Loss 🚜

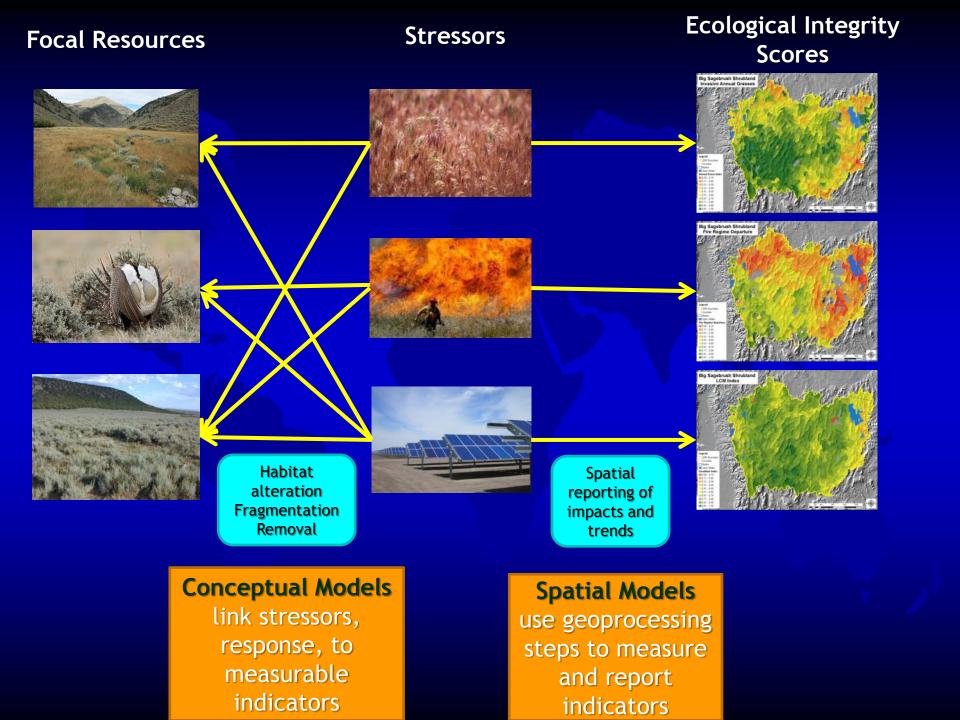
Indicators

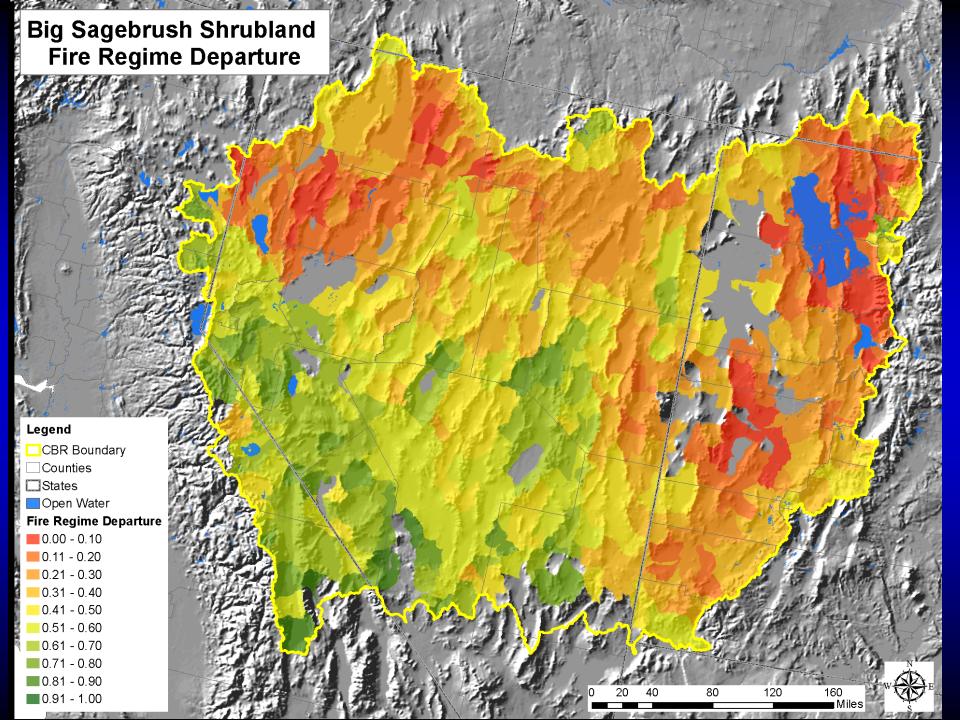
Level 1 (spatial models)

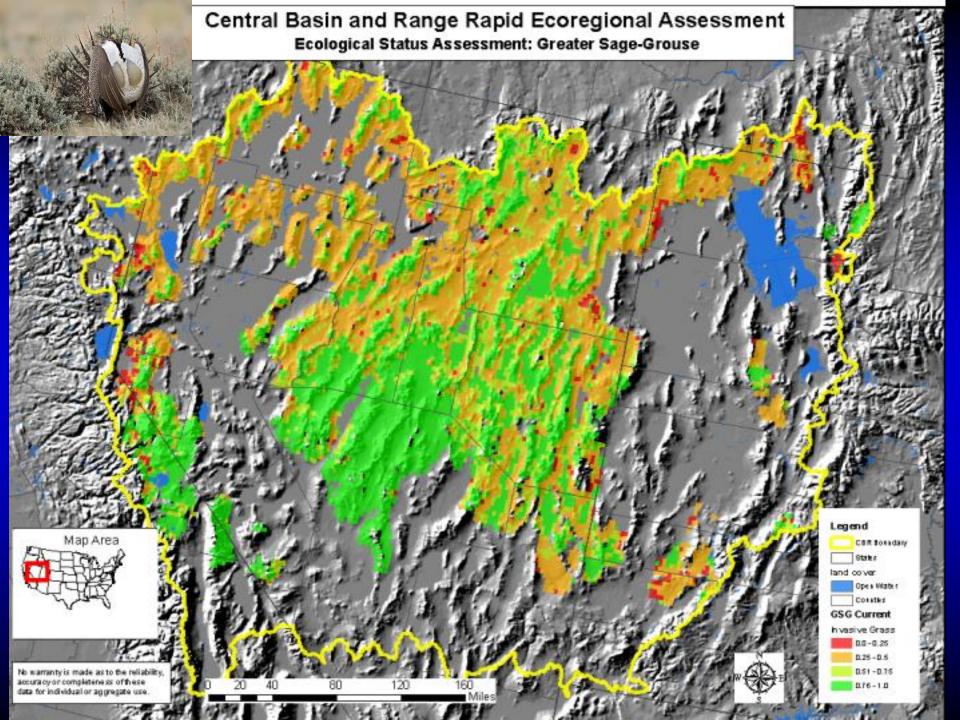
- Landscape Condition
- UncharacteristicStates
- S-class Distribution

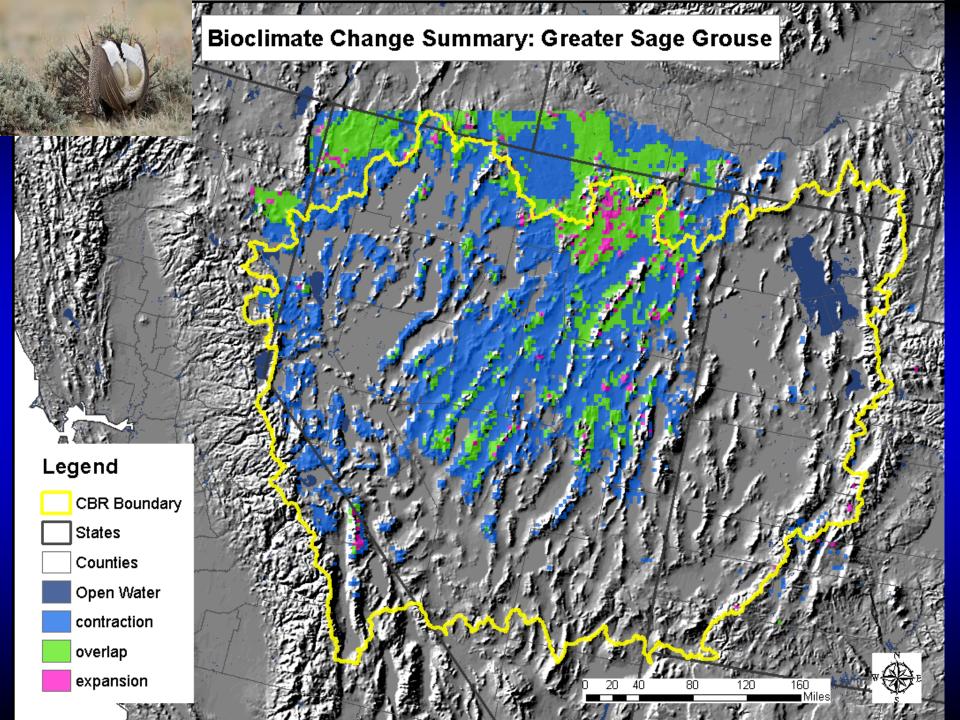
Level 2/3 (field measures)

- Cover Shrubs
- Cover Native Grasses
- Cover Annual Grasses
- Cover Soil Gaps
- Soil Stability







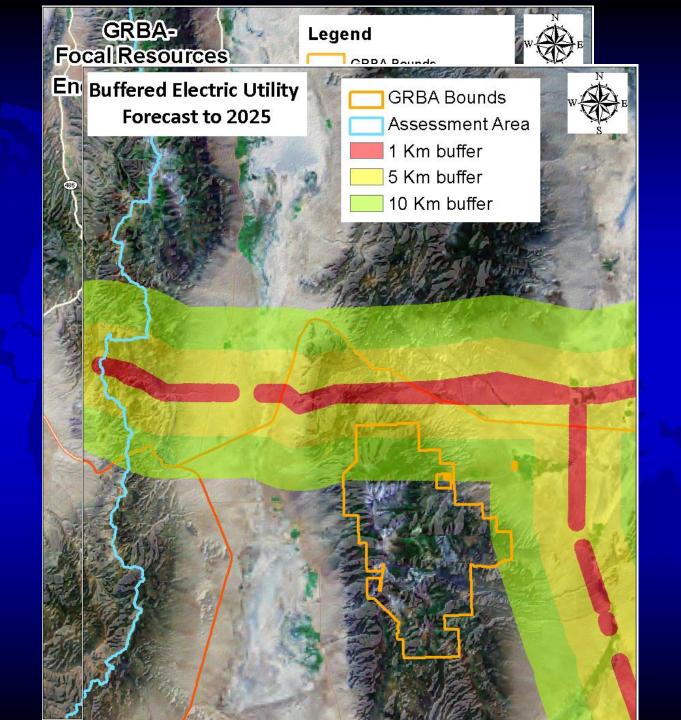


Park Resource Distributions

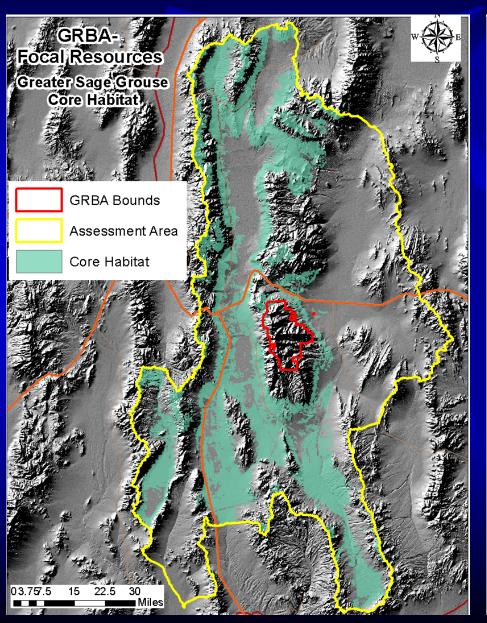
Stressoreffects onParkResources

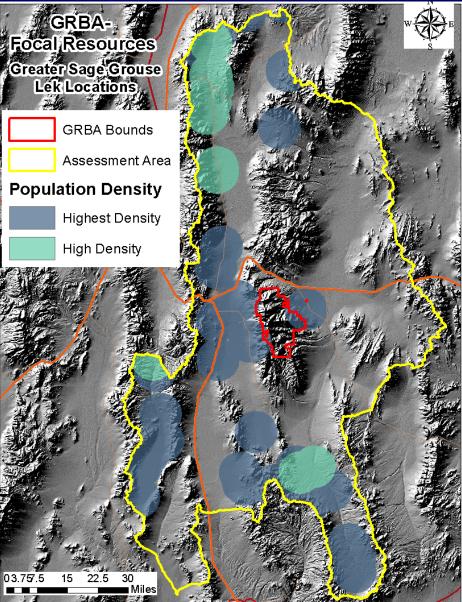




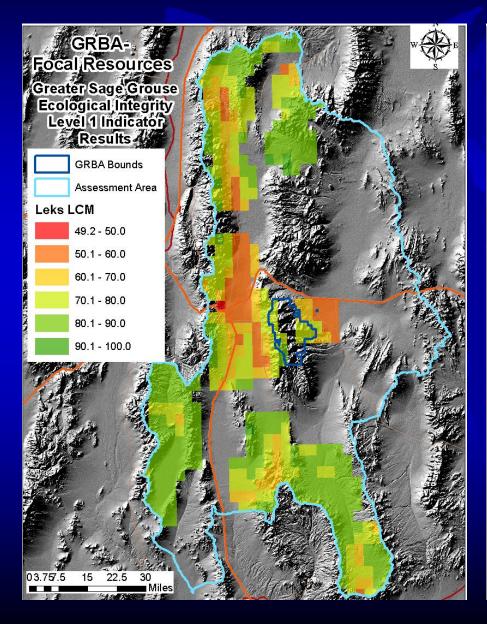


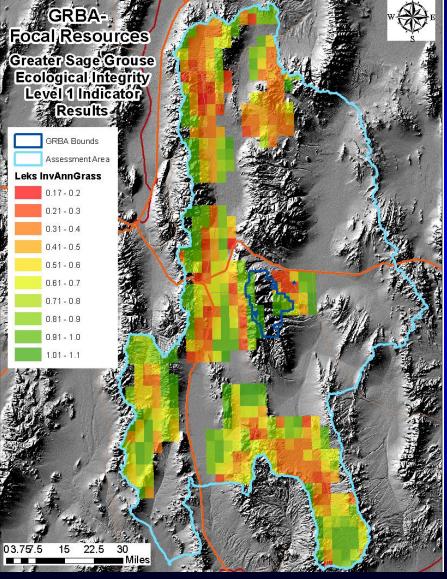
Greater Sage Grouse Distributions





Level 1 Integrity Indicators Scores







Conclusions

- Coarse-filter/fine-filter approach is robust for representing biodiversity
- Ecological integrity assessment applies well to regional and local scales
- 3. Modeling options are expanding rapidly for impact assessment
- 4. National investments in remote sensing data remain critical

